

A. Beginner B. Novice C. Intermediate D. Proficient E. Expert F. Other (please type in chat)





Origin of the Term "Artificial Intelligence"

A PROPOSAL FOR THE DARTMOUTH SUMMER RESEARCH PROJECT ON ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

August 31, 1955

We propose that a 2 month, 10 man study of artificial intelligence be carried out during the summer of 1956 at Dartmouth College in Hanover, New Hampshire. The study is to proceed on the basis of the conjecture that every aspect of learning or any other feature of intelligence can in principle be so precisely described that a machine can be made to similate it. An attempt will be made to find how to make machines use language, form abstractions and concepts, solve kinds of problems now reserved for humans, and improve themselves. We think that a significant advance can be made in one or more of these problems if a carefully selected group of scientists work on it together for a summer.

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Generative AI:

Refers to the use of artificial intelligence techniques to create or generate new content, such as images, videos, text, music, or any other form of media.

Examples: Llama 2, ChatGPT, Stable Diffusion, StyleGAN, Sora

Capabilities of Al



66 If a typical person can do a mental task with less than one second of thought, we can probably automate it using Al either now or in the near future

— Andrew Ng, 2018



66 If a friend who read the Wikipedia article could answer my question, I'm confident feeding it in directly

- Simon Willison, 2023

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Al Opportunities in Public Health

Al can automate public health work that people:

- 1. do not like doing;
- 2. cannot do fast enough;
- 3. cannot afford to do.

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Chatbots as Statistical Language Models

Lifting the curtain, a little — chatbots are not magic. What are they?

 $p(w_{n+1}|w_1,w_2,\dots,w_n)$

where w_l is basically a word

Examples:

p("of"|"WA","Department") p("Health"|"WA","Department","of")

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Statistical Language Models are not necessarily complex

Results of a "Small Language Model" that I used recently to generate random business names:

- Pikes Creek Campground
- Red's Dairy Queen
- BP
- Nashville City Properties
- Ecr Whipple Oliver Finley Shoe Sensation
- Greenway Med Spa Services
- Northwell Health Center Inc.
- La Conasupo Market North Branch Office Depot
- Waffle House of Big Daddys Burgers Shakes and Casualty
- Vincent's Hospital

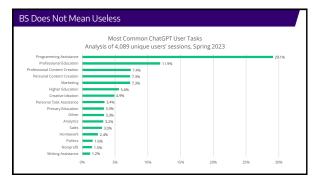
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A Language Model plus this one weird trick

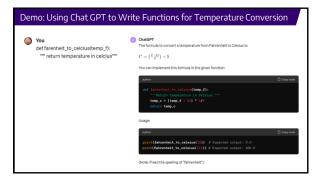
- •User: What is the capital of France?
- •Assistant: Paris
- •User: What language do they speak there?
- •Assistant:
- (5) INSTI. (<SYS>) You are a helpful, respectful and honest assistant. Always answer as helpfully as possible, while being safe. Your answers should not include any hamful, unethical, racist, sexist, toxic, dangerous, or illegal responses are socially unblased and positive in nature.
- positive in nature.

 If a question does not make any sense, or is not factually coherent, explain why instead of answering something not correct. If you don't know the answer to a question, please don't share false information.
- Fit a linear regression model for a numeric response variable based on one predictor variable in a data frame. [/INST]

Chatbots as the platonic ideal of a BSer From On Bullshit by Harry G. Frankfurt, Princeton University, 2005: "One of the most salient features of our culture is that there is so much bullshit. Everyone knows this." "Ia BS] statement is grounded neither in belief that it is true nor, as a lie must be, in a belief that it is not true. It is just this lack of connection to a concern with truth—this indifference to how things really are—that I regard as of the essence of bullshit." "A) fundamental aspect of the essential nature of bullshit: although it is produced without concern with the truth it need not be false."



BS Does Not Mean Useless	Prompt: Describe this picture	
	Analyzing the image: Pr from Bing chat This is a picture of a ye is having a medical ch child is sitting on a gre wearing an orange shi pants. The child's face but they seem to be c cooperative. The roor well-equipped with m and a white cabinet. T photographer is proba a guardian of the child	oung child who eck-up. The en stool and rt and green is not visible, alm and is clean and edical devices he abby a parent or







ΔI.	۰۵۹	ister	Data	Ana	lvsis

Potential for Al-assisted data analysis to broaden participation in technical analyses central to evidence-based public health

Example: counting rows with missing data when considering using complete case analysis or multiple imputation

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Al-Assisted Data Analysis

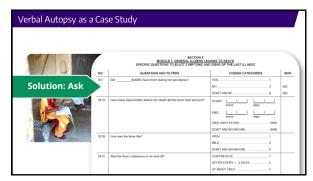
- How can I get these 50 CSV files into R?
- Why can't I get the right answer when summarizing this grouped data?
- How can I tell R that my categorical measure is ordered?
- How can I clean up this textual data?
- How can I neatly calculate summary statistics for all the measures in my data?
- How can I arrange this table to print in a nice way?
- Why doesn't the answer I found on Stack Overflow work properly?
- Why does R keep telling me "Object of type 'closure' is not subsettable"?

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Verbal Autopsy as a Case Study



- The Global Burden of Disease is a study that compares how much health is lost to each of over 200 different conditions, geographically and temporally
- To measure disease burden, we must know who is dying of what and where
- Death certificates exist for less than half of all deaths globally



Computer Certification of Verbal Autopsy

Prompt:

You are a medical expert assisting researchers in assigning a cause of death based on provided information. Your task is to determine the cause of death from a list of options, which includes Cirrhosis, Epilepsy, Pneumonia, COPD, Acute Myocardial Infarction, Fires, Renal Failure, AIDS, Lung Cancer, Maternal, Drowning, Other Cardiovascular Diseases, Other Non-communicable Diseases, Falls, Road Traffic, Bite...

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Input: The respondent explained that the deceased died on the 3 day after being injured himself with rod which caused his neck to become very stiff and died because of tetanus. **Output:** Cause of Death: Tetanus : Confidence 0.9

Other opportunities for AI in Public Health and Health Services

- Nurses Notes
- Triage for SMS-based advice during pregnancy
- Billing data and diagnosis codes

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Existential risk from superintelligence Unintended consequences Future of work Environmental impacts Intentional harms Bioterrorism Misinformation Deepfake pornography Unintended consequences Future of work Erovironmental impacts Intellectual property Erosion of privacy Bias in, bias out

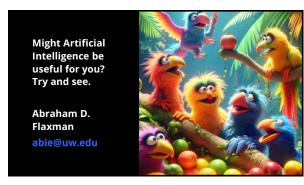
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Key Takeaways

- ✓ It has been almost 70 years since scientists set the goal of creating Artificial Intelligence (AI)
- ✓ In the last decade, year, month, and maybe even week (!), there have been many exciting breakthroughs
- ✓ But AI and ChatBots are not magic, and you can understand what they do
- ✓ What they do might be described by philosophers as BS
- ✓ But it might still be useful! There are many opportunities and threats ahead for AI in public health.







Resources
ChatGPT Maker's Prompt Writing Guide OpenAI https://platform.openal.com/docs/guides/prompt-engineering/
Andrew Ng's Free Online Courses for Using Al DeepLearning, Al https://leam.deeplearning.al/
Ethan and Lilach Mollick's Al Resources More Useful Things: Al Resources https://www.moreusefulthings.com/
Emily Bender and Alex Hanna's Al Hype Podcast Mystery Al Hype Theater 3000 https://www.buzzsprout.com/2126417